

SW-MNG-24GE2GSFP

24-Port 10/100/1000Mbps + 2-Port Gigabit SFP Managed Ethernet Switch



User Manual

Table of Contents

Chapter 1 Product Introduction	4
1.1 Product Overview	4
1.2 Features	
1.3 External Component Description	
1.3.1 Front Panel	
1.3.2 Rear Panel	
1.4 Package Contents	
Chapter 2 Installing and Connecting the Switch	8
2.1 Installation	8
2.1.1 Desktop Installation	8
2.1.2 Rack-mountable Installation in 19-inch Cabinet	9
2.1.3 Power on the Switch	9
2.2 Connect Computer (NIC) to the Switch	10
Chapter 3 How to Login the Switch	11
3.1 Switch to End Node	11
3.2 How to Login the Switch	11
Chapter 4 Switch Configuration	13
4.1 Quickly setting	13
4.2 PORT	16
4.2.1 Basic config	16
4.2.2 Port aggregation	17
4.2.3 Port mirroring	19
4.2.4 Port rate-limit	20
4.2.5 Storm control	21
4.2.6 Port isolation	22
4.3 VLAN	23
4.3.1 VLAN config	24
4.3.2 Trunk-port setting	25
4.3.3 Hybrid-port setting	26
4.4 Fault/Safety	27
4.4.1 Anti attack	
4.4.1.1 Anti DHCP attack	28
4.4.1.2 Anti DOS	30
4.4.1.3 IPsource guard	
4.4.1.4 Anti three bind	
4.4.2 Channel detection	34
4.4.2.1 Ping testing	34

	4.4.2.2 Tracert testing	35
	4.4.2.3 Cable testing	36
	4.4.3 ACL	37
4.5	MSTP	39
	4.5.1 MSTP region	39
	4.5.2 MSTP bridge	40
4.6	DHCP relay	43
	4.6.1 DHCP relay	43
	4.6.2 Option82	44
4.7	QoS	46
	4.7.1 Remark	46
	4.7.2 Queue config	48
	4.7.3 Mapping the queue	49
	4.7.3.1 Service class queue mapping	49
	4.7.3.2 Differential service class mapping	50
	4.7.3.3 Port to service class mapping	51
4.8	Address table	52
	4.8.1 Mac add and delete	53
	4.8.2 Mac study and laging	54
	4.8.3 Mac address filtering	55
4.9	Snmp config	56
	4.9.1 Snmp config	56
	4.9.1.1 Snmp config	56
	4.9.1.2 Community config	57
	4.9.1.3 View config	58
	4.9.1.4 Group config	59
	4.9.1.5 User config	60
	4.9.1.6 Trap	61
	4.9.2 Rmon config	62
	4.9.2.1 Statistics group	62
	4.9.2.2 History group	63
	4.9.2.3 Event group	64
	4.9.2.4 Alarm group	65
4.1	0 SYSTEM	66
	4.10.1 System config	67
	4.10.1.1 System settings	67
	4.10.1.2 System restart	69
	4.10.1.3 Password change	70
	4.10.1.4 SSH login	71
	4.10.1.5 Telnet login	72
	4.10.1.6 System log	72
	4.10.2 System upgrade	74
	4.10.3 Config management	75
	4 10 3 1 Current configuration	75

Appendix: Technical Specifications	82
4.10.6 Info collect	80
4.10.5 Administrator privileges	80
4.10.4 Config save	79
4.10.3.3 Restore factory configuration	78
4.10.3.2 Configuration backup	77

Chapter 1 Product Introduction

Congratulations on your purchasing of the Web Smart Ethernet Switch. Before you install and use this product, please read this manual carefully for full exploiting the functions of this product.

1.1 Product Overview

The Web Smart Ethernet Switch provides the seamless network connection. This device integrates 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet, 100Mbps Fast Ethernet and 10Mbps Ethernet network capabilities in a highly flexible package. With 24-10/100/1000Mbps Auto-Negotiation RJ45 ports, all ports support Auto MDI/MDIX function. The Switch with a low-cost, easy-to-use, high per-formance upgrade your old network to a 1000Mbps Gigabit network. It is essential to helping solve network bottlenecks that frequently develop as more advanced computer users and newer applications continue to demand greater network resources.

The switch is easy to install and use. It requires no configuration and installation. It is a great selection for office network.

1.2 Features

- Comply with IEEE802.3, IEEE802.3u, IEEE802.3ab, IEEE802.3x, IEEE802.3z, EEE802.3ad standards
- Supports IEEE802.3x flow control for Full-duplex Mode and back pressure for Half-duplex Mode
- Supports MAC address auto-learning and auto-aging
- Store and forward mode operates
- Support SNMP/RMON/TELENT
- Supports IEEE802.1Q VLAN,4K VLAN Table
- Support IEEE802.1p Priority Queues
- Support ACL Function, 1.5K-entry ALC table
- Support Storm Control
- Support QoS Port Mirroring Link Aggregation Protocol
- LED indicators for monitoring power, link/activity
- Web-based Management Support
- Internal power adapter supply

1.3 External Component Description

1.3.1 Front Panel

The front panel of the Switch consists of $24 \times 10/100/1000$ Mbps RJ-45 ports,2 x SFP ports,1 x Console port, 1 x Reset button and a series of LED indicators as shown as below.



Figure 1 - Front Panel

10/100/1000Mbps RJ-45 ports (1~24):

Designed to connect to the device with a bandwidth of 10Mbps, 100Mbps or 1000Mbps. Each has a corresponding 10/100/1000Mbps LED.

SFP ports (SFP1, SFP2):

Designed to install the SFP module and connect to the device with a bandwidth of 1000Mbps. Each has a corresponding 1000Mbps LED.

Console port (Console):

Designed to connect with the serial port of a computer or terminal for monitoring and configuring the Switch.

Reset button (Reset):

Keep the device powered on and press down the button for about 5 seconds. The system restores the factory default settings.

LED indicators:

The LED Indicators will allow you to monitor, diagnose and troubleshoot any potential problem with the Switch, connection or attached devices.



Figure 2 - LED Indicators

The following chart shows the LED indicators of the Switch along with explanation of each indicator.

LED	COLOR	STATUS	STATUS DESCRIPTION
Power Red	On	Power On	
	Off	Power Off	
LNK/ACT/	10/100Mbps:	On	A device is connected to the port
Speed	7 (111001	Off	A device is disconnected to the port
(1~24) 1000Mbps: Green	Flashing	Sending or receiving data	
SFP1 SFP2	Green	On	A device is connected to the port
		Off	A device is disconnected to the port
		Flashing	Sending or receiving data

1.3.2 Rear Panel

The rear panel of the Switch contains AC power connector and one marker shown as below.



Figure 3 - Rear Panel

AC Power Connector:

Power is supplied through an external AC power adapter. It supports AC 100 \sim 240V, 50 \sim 60Hz.

Grounding Terminal:

The Switch already comes with Lightning Protection Mechanism. You can also ground the Switch through the PE (Protecting Earth) cable of AC cord or with Ground Cable.

1.4 Package Contents

Before installing the Switch, make sure that the following the "packing list" listed OK. If any part is lost and damaged, please contact your local agent immediately. In addition, make sure that you have the tools install switches and cables by your hands.

- One Web Smart Ethernet Switch
- > Four rubber feet, two mounting ears and eights screws
- One AC power cord
- > One User Manual

Chapter 2 Installing and Connecting the Switch

This part describes how to install your Web Smart Ethernet Switch and make connections to it. Please read the following topics and perform the procedures in the order being presented.

2.1 Installation

Please follow the following instructions in avoid of incorrect installation causing device damage and security threat.

- Put the Switch on stable place or desktop in case of falling damage.
- Make sure the Switch works in the proper AC input range and matches the voltage labeled on the Switch.
- > To keep the Switch free from lightning, do not open the Switch's shell even in power failure
- Make sure that there is proper heat dissipation from and adequate ventilation around the Switch.
- Make sure the cabinet to enough back up the weight of the Switch and its accessories.

2.1.1 Desktop Installation

Sometimes users are not equipped with the 19-inch standard cabinet. So when installing the Switch on a desktop, please attach these cushioning rubber feet provided on the bottom at each corner of the Switch in case of the external vibration. Allow adequate space for ventilation between the device and the objects around it.

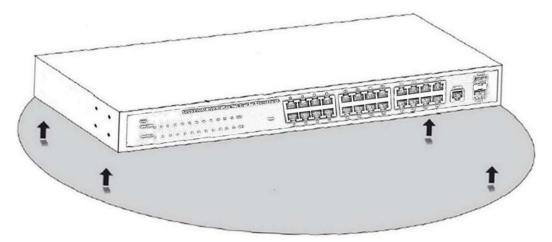


Figure 4 - Desktop Installation

2.1.2 Rack-mountable Installation in 19-inch Cabinet

The Switch can be mounted in an EIA standard-sized, 19-inch rack, which can be placed in a wiring closet with other equipment. To install the Switch, please follow these steps:

a. attach the mounting brackets on the Switch's side panels (one on each side) and secure them with the screws provided.

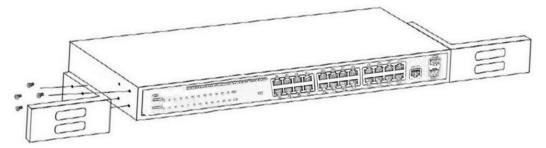


Figure 5 - Bracket Installation

b. use the screws provided with the equipment rack to mount the Switch on the rack and tighten it.

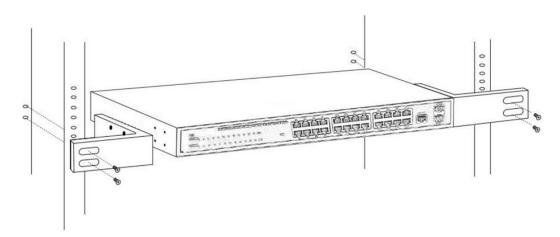


Figure 6 - Rack Installation

2.1.3 Power on the Switch

The Switch is powered on by the AC 100-240V 50/60Hz internal high-performance power supply. Please follow the next tips to connect:

AC Electrical Outlet:

It is recommended to use single-phase three-wire receptacle with neutral outlet or multifunctional computer professional receptacle. Please make sure to connect the metal ground connector to the grounding source on the outlet.

AC Power Cord Connection:

Connect the AC power connector in the back panel of the Switch to external receptacle

with the included power cord, and check the power indicator is ON or not. When it is ON, it indicates the power connection is OK.

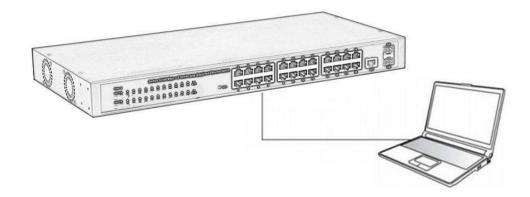
2.2 Connect Computer (NIC) to the Switch

Please insert the NIC into the computer, after installing network card driver, please connect one end of the twisted pair to RJ-45 jack of your computer, the other end will be connected to any RJ-45 port of the Switch, the distance between Switch and computer is around 100 meters. Once the connection is OK and the devices are power on normally, the LINK/ACT/Speed status indicator lights corresponding ports of the Switch.

Chapter 3 How to Login the Switch

3.1 Switch to End Node

Use standard Cat.5/5e Ethernet cable (UTP/STP) to connect the Switch to end nodes as described below. Switch ports will automatically adjust to the characteristics(MDI/MDI-X, speed, duplex) of the device to which is connected.



Please refer to the LED Indicator Specification. The LNK/ACT/Speed LEDs for each port lights on when the link is available.

3.2 How to Login the Switch

As the Switch provides Web-based management login, you can configure your computer's IP address manually to log on to the Switch. The default settings of the Switch are shown below.

Parameter	Default Value
Default IP address	192.168.2.1
Default Username	admin
Default Password	admin

You can log on to the configuration window of the Switch through following steps:

- 1. Connect the Switch with the computer NIC interface.
- 2. Power on the Switch.
- 3. Check whether the IP address of the computer is within this network segment: 192.168.2.xxx ("xxx" ranges 2~254), for example, 192.168.2.100.
- 4. Open the browser, and enter http://192.168.2.1 and then press "Enter". The Switch login window appears, the following picture:



Figure 7- Login Windows

5. Switching language to english .Enter the Username and Password (The factory default Username is **admin** and Password is **admin**), and then click "login" to log in to the Switch configuration window as below.

Welcome To Web Smart Management System 💺 USER LOGIN Please input user name and password! Username: admin Password: Language: English LOGIN Home VLAN setting Other settings Quickly Set VLAN setting ▶ PORT VLAN name VLAN IP address ▶ VLAN VLAN0001 192.168.2.1/24 Fault/Safety O new VLAN O delete selected VLAN ▶ MSTP frist page prev page [1] next page last page 1 ▶ DHCP RELAY • gos explain: If a port is allowed to pass through a plurality of VLAN packets, the port is set to a Trunk port. If is recommended that the port of the network device be set to the Trunk port. When the port is added to allow VLAN. VLAN must be created. Addr Table ▶ SNMP port name Allowing Vlan port description ▶ SYSTEM O new Trunk port O delete selected Trunk port frist page prev page [1] next page last page 1 / 1 page next step

Chapter 4 Switch Configuration

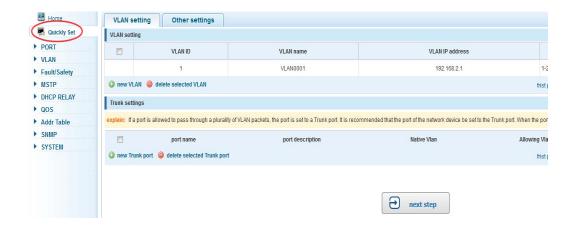
The Web Smart Ethernet Switch Managed switch software provides rich layer 2 functionality for switches in your networks. This chapter describes how to use Web-based management interface(Web UI) to this switch configure managed switch software features.

In the Web UI, the left column shows the configuration menu. Above you can see the information for switch system, such as memory, software version. The middle shows the switch's current link status. Green squares indicate the port link is up, while black squares indicate the port link is down. Below the switch panel, you can find a common toolbar to provide useful functions for users. The rest of the screen area displays the configuration settings.



4.1 Quickly setting

In the navigation bar to select "quickly setting", can create a VLAN in this module, add the port in the VLAN ,set the basic information and modify the switch login password. the following picture:



[parameter description]

parameter	description
VLAN ID	VLAN number,24GE default VLAN 1
VLAN name	VLAN mark
Manage IP	Manage the IP address of the VLAN
device name	Switch name
Manage VLAN	Switches management in use of the VLAN

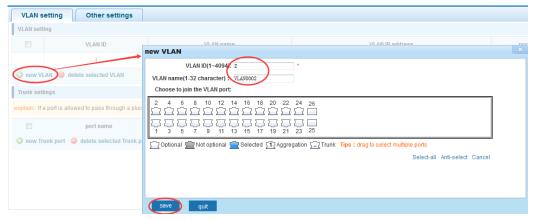
[instructions]

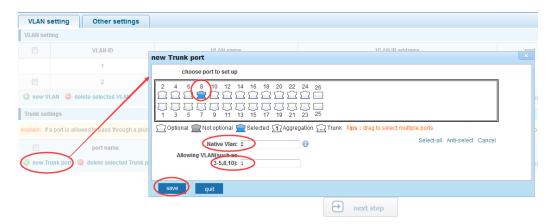
Native VLAN: as a Trunk, the mouth will belong to a Native VLAN. The so-called Native VLAN, is refers to UNTAG send or receive a message on the interface, is considered belongs to the VLAN. Obviously, the interface of the default VLAN ID (PVID) in the IEEE 802.1 Q VLAN ID is the Native VLAN. At the same time, send belong to Native VLAN frame on the Trunk, must adopt UNTAG way.

Allowed VLAN list: a Trunk can transport the equipment support by default all the VLAN traffic (1-4094). But, also can by setting the permission VLAN Trunk at the mouth of the list to limit the flow of some VLAN can't through the Trunk.

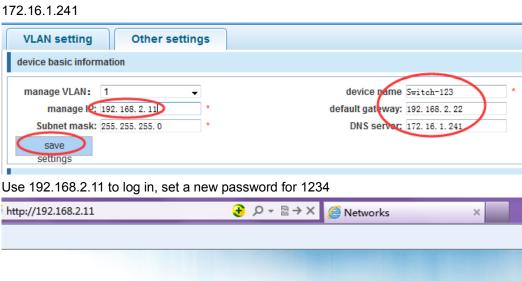
【Configuration example】

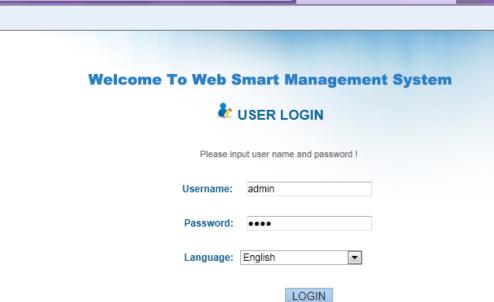
1) VLAN setting: such as create VLAN 2, Sets the port 8 to Trunk, Native VLAN 2





2) click"next step" button ,into other settings,such as: manage ip address set as 192.168.2.11,device name set as switch-123,default gateway with the dns server set as 172.16.1.241





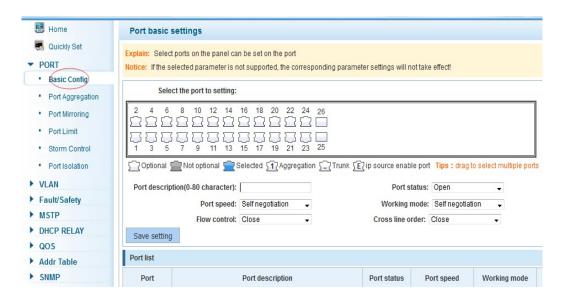
4.2 PORT

In the navigation bar to select "PORT", You may conduct basic config, port aggregation, port mirroring, port limit and port isolation.



4.2.1 Basic config

In the navigation bar to select "**PORT>basic config**",For panel port to port described, port speed, port status, working mode, flow control, cross line order configuration, the following picture:



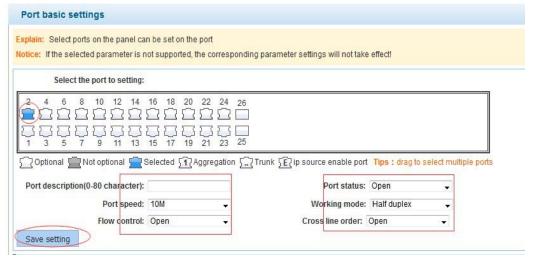
parameter	description
port	Select the current configuration port number
port status	Choose whether to close link port
flow control	Whether open flow control

port speed	Can choose the following kinds: Aggregation 10 M 100 M 1000 M
working mode	Can choose the following kinds: Self negotiated 10 M 100 M 1000 M
port described	The port is described
Cross line sequence	Whether open intersection line sequence

Open flow control should be negotiated will close, negotiated close is to set port speed rate and working mode; Set the port rate more than actual rate of port, the port will be up.

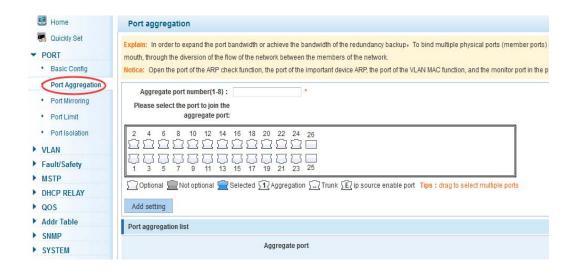
【Configuration example】

Such as: The port is set to 10 M, half duplex, open flow control and cross line sequence and port state



4.2.2 Port aggregation

In the navigation bar to select "**PORT>port aggregation**",In order to expand the port bandwidth or achieve the bandwidth of the redundancy backup,the following picture:



[parameter description]

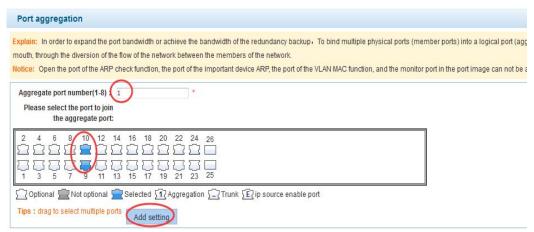
parameter	description
	26GE switch can be set up eight link trunk group, group_1 to
Aggregation port	group_8
	For each of the members of the group and add your own port,
Member port	and with members of other groups

[instructions]

Open the port of the ARP check function, the port of the important device ARP, the port of the VLAN MAC function, and the monitor port in the port image can not be added!

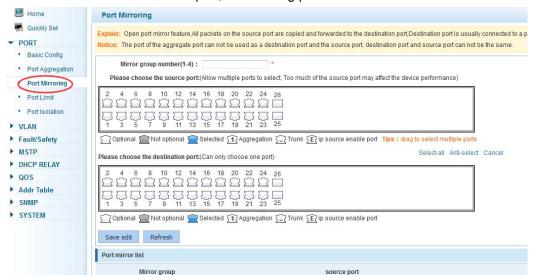
【Configuration example】

Such as: set the port 9, 10, for aggregation port 1, lets this aggregation port 1 connected to other switch aggregation port 1 to build switch links.



4.2.3 Port mirroring

In the navigation bar to select "**PORT>port mirroring**", Open port mirror feature, All packets on the source port are copied and forwarded to the destination port, Destination port is usually connected to a packet analyzer to analyze the source port, Multiple ports can be mirrored to a destination port, the following picture:



[parameter description]

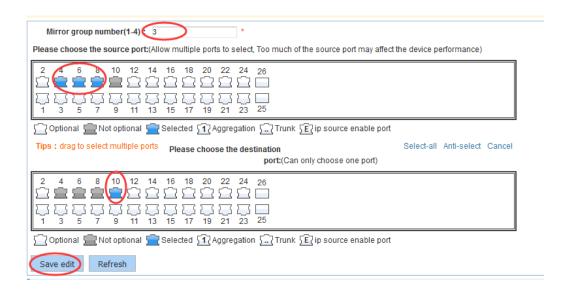
parameter	description
Source port	To monitor the port in and out of flow
Destination port	Set destination port,All packets on the source port are copied and forwarded to the destination port
Mirror group	Range :1-4

[instructions]

The port of the aggregate port can not be used as a destination port and the source port, destination port and source port can not be the same.

【Configuration example】

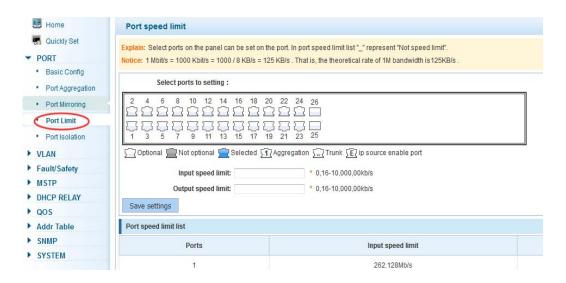
Such as: set a mirror group for port 10 regulatory port 4, 6, 8 on and out flow conditions



4.2.4 Port rate-limit

In the navigation bar to select "**PORT>port rate-limit**",

To port output, input speed limit, the following picture:

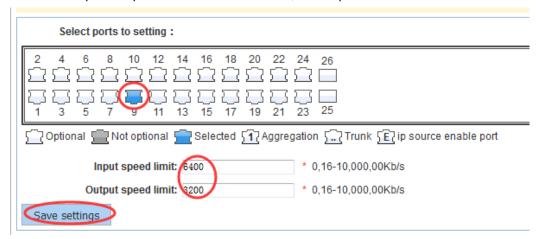


parameter	description
	Set port input speed
Input speed limit	
	Set port output speed
Output speed limit	

1 Mbit/s = 1000 Kbit/s = 1000 / 8 KB/s = 125 KB/s . That is, the theoretical rate of 1M bandwidth is 125 KB/s .

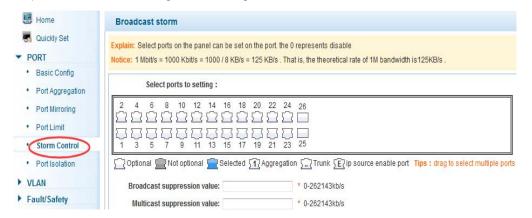
【Configuration example】

Such as: the port 9 input rate is set to 6400 KB/s, the output rate is set to 3200 KB/s



4.2.5 Storm control

In the navigation bar to select "**PORT>Storm control**", To port storm control config,the following ficture:

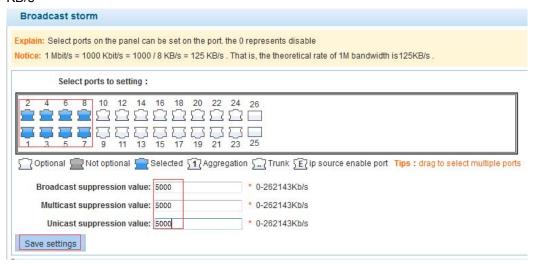


parameter	description
Broadcast	Storm suppression value of the broadcast packets
suppression value	
Multicast suppression	Storm suppression value of the multicast packets
value	
Unicast suppression	Storm suppression value of the unicast packets
value	

1 Mbit/s = 1000 Kbit/s = 1000 / 8 KB/s = 125 KB/s . That is, the theoretical rate of 1M bandwidth is 125 KB/s .

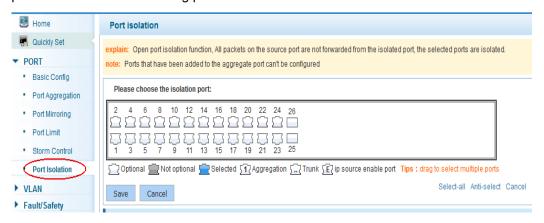
【Configuration example】

Such as: should be forwarded to the port 1-8 of all kinds of packet forwarding rate is 5000 KB/s



4.2.6 Port isolation

In the navigation bar to select "**PORT>port isolation**", ports are isolated the following picture:



parameter	description
Source port	Choose a port, to configure the isolated port

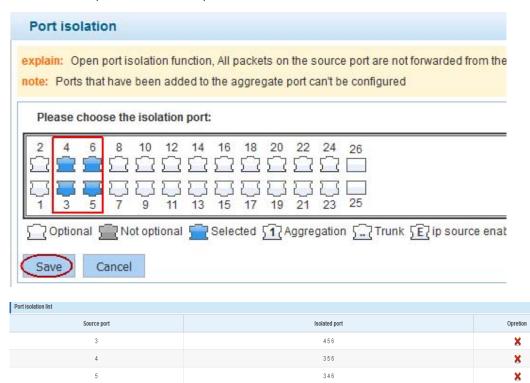
Isolated port	Port will be isolated
---------------	-----------------------

Open port isolation function, All packets on the source port are not forwarded from the isolated port, the selected ports are isolated.

Ports that have been added to the aggregate port aren't also capable of being a destination port and source port, destination port and source port cannot be the same

【Configuration example】

Such as: the port 3, 4, 5, and 6 ports are isolated



4.3 VLAN

In the navigation bar to select"VLAN", You can manage the VLAN config, Trunk

Settings and Hybrid Settings , the following picture:

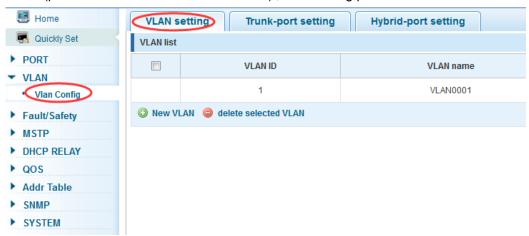
345

×



4.3.1 VLAN config

In the navigation bar to select "VLAN config", Vlans can be created and set the port to the VLAN (port default state for the access mode) , the following picture:



[parameter description]

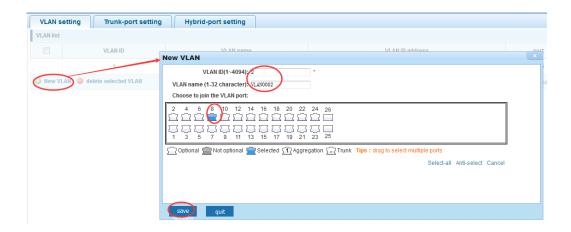
parameter	description
VLAN ID	VLAN number,24GE default VLAN 1
VLAN name	VLAN mark
VLAN IP address	Manage switch ip address

[instructions]

Management VLAN, the default VLAN cannot be deleted. Add ports to access port, port access mode can only be a member of the VLAN.

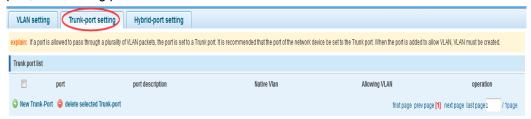
【Configuration example】

Such as: connect switches pc1, pc2 couldn't ping each other, will be one of the PC connection port belongs to a VLAN 2



4.3.2 Trunk-port setting

In the navigation bar to select "VLAN config>trunk-port setting", can set port to Trunk port, the following picture:



[parameter description]

parameter	description
Native VLAN	Only set one
Allowing vlan	Can set up multiple

[instructions]

Native VLAN: as a Trunk, the mouth will belong to a Native VLAN. The so-called Native VLAN, is refers to UNTAG send or receive a message on the interface, is considered belongs to the VLAN. Obviously, the interface of the default VLAN ID (PVID) in the IEEE 802.1 Q VLAN ID is the Native VLAN. At the same time, send belong to Native VLAN frame on the Trunk, must adopt UNTAG way.

Allowed VLAN list: a Trunk can transport the equipment support by default all the VLAN traffic (1-4094). But, also can by setting the permission VLAN Trunk at the mouth of the list to limit the flow of some VLAN can't through the Trunk.

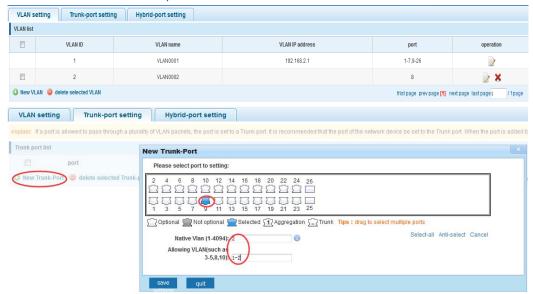
【Configuration example】

Such as: PVID=VLAN2

PC1: 192.168.2.122,port 8, access VLAN2

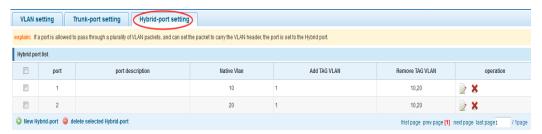
PC2: 192.168.2.123,port 9, Trunk allowed VLAN 1-2

PC3: 192.168.2.124,port 10, access VLAN1 (The default port belongs to VLAN1) Can let the PC2 PING PC1, cannot PING PC3



4.3.3 Hybrid-port setting

In the navigation bar to select"**VLAN config>hybrid-port setting**",Can set the port to take the tag and without the tag ,the following picture:



(instructions)

Hybrid port to packet:

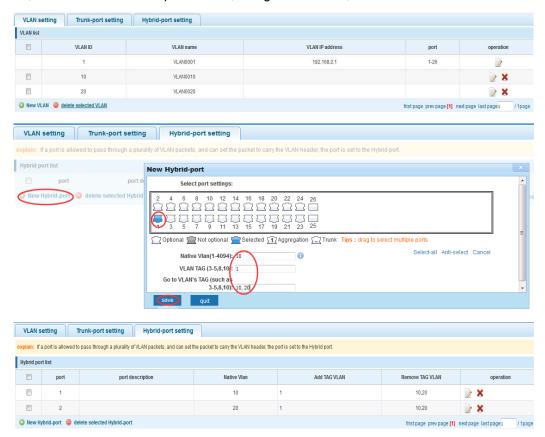
Receives a packet, judge whether there is a VLAN information: if there is no play in port PVID, exchanged and forwarding, if have, whether the Hybrid port allows the VLAN data into: if can be forwarded, or discarded (untag on port configuration is not considered, untag configuration only work when to send it a message)

Hybrid port to send packet:

- 1, determine the VLAN in this port attributes (disp interface can see the port to which VLAN untag, which VLAN tag)
- 2, if it is untag stripping VLAN information, send again, if the tag is sent directly

【Configuration example】

Such as: create vlans 10, 20, VLAN sets the Native VLAN port 1 to 10, to tag VLAN for 10, 20, sets the Native VLAN port 2 to 20, to tag VLAN for 10, 20



This system e0/1 and the receive system e0/2 PC can be exchanged, but when each data taken from a VLAN is different.

Data from the pc1, by inter0/1 pvid VLAN10 encapsulation VLAN10 labeled into switches, switch found system e0/2 allows 10 data through the VLAN, so the data is forwarded to the system e0/2, because the system e0/2 VLAN is untagged 10, then switches at this time to remove packet VLAN10 tag, in the form of ordinary package sent to pc2, pc1 - > p2 is VLAN10 walking at this time

Again to analyze pc2 gave pc1 package process, data from the pc2, by inter0/2 pvid VLAN20 encapsulation VLAN20 labeled into switch, switch found system e0/1 allows VLAN by 20 data, so the data is forwarded to the system e0/1, because the system e0/1 on the VLAN is untagged 20, then switches remove packets on VLAN20 tag at this time, in the form of ordinary package sent to pc1, pc2 at this time - > pc1 is VLAN 20

4.4 Fault/Safety

In the navigation bar to select"fault/safety", you can set anti attack. channle detection and ACLaccess control configuration 。



4.4.1 Anti attack

4.4.1.1 Anti DHCP attack

In the navigation bar to select"fault/safety>anti attack>anti dhcp attack",Open the DHCP anti-attack function, intercepting counterfeit DHCP server and address depletion attack packets ban kangaroo DHCP server,the following picture:



[instructions]

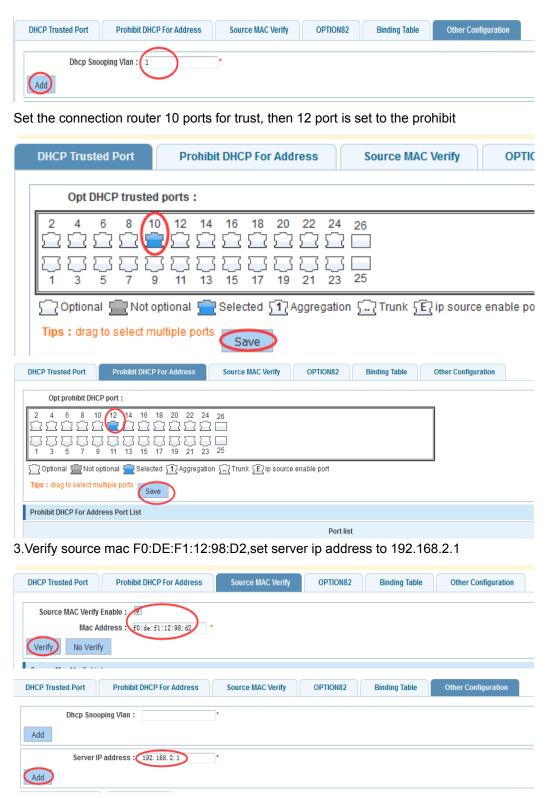
DHCP trusted port configuration, select the port as a trusted port. Prohibit DHCP for address, select the port and save, you can disable this feature for the port. Open DHCP attack prevention function, need to set the DHCP protective vlan simultaneously, other functions to take effect.

【Configuration example】

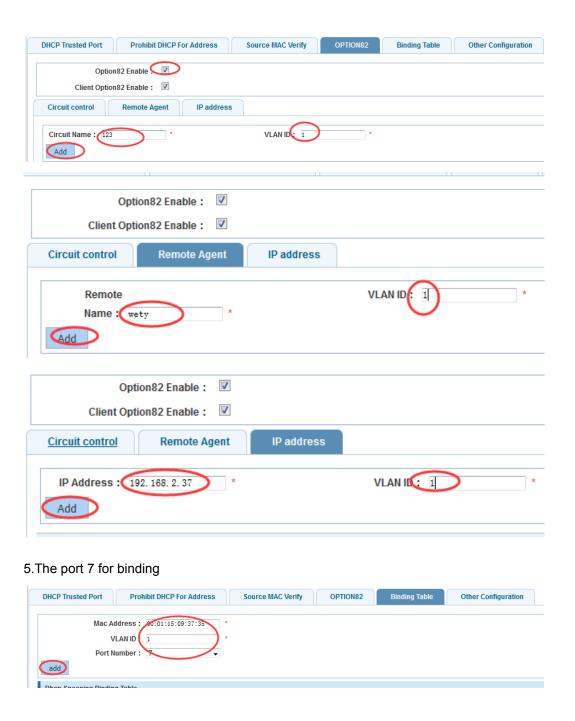
Such as: 1.dhcp snooping open



2. Setting dhcp snooping vlan



4.Set option82 information



4.4.1.2 Anti DOS

In the navigation bar to select"fault/safety>anti attack>anti dhcp attack",Open the anti DOS attack function, intercept Land attack packets, illegal TCP packets, to ensure that the device or server to provide normal service to legitimate users.,the following picture:



Open the anti DOS attack function, intercept Land attack packets, illegal TCP packets, to ensure that the device or server to provide normal service to legitimate users.

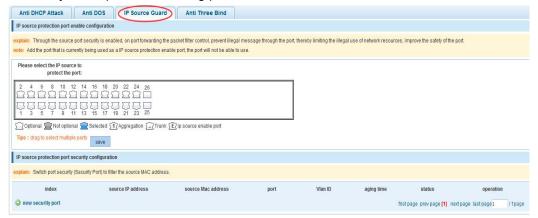
【Configuration example】

Such as: Open the anti DOS attack function



4.4.1.3 IPsource guard

In the navigation bar to select"fault/safety>anti attack>ip source guard", Through the source port security is enabled, on port forwarding the packet filter control, prevent illegal message through the port, thereby limiting the illegal use of network resources, improve the safety of the port, the following picture:

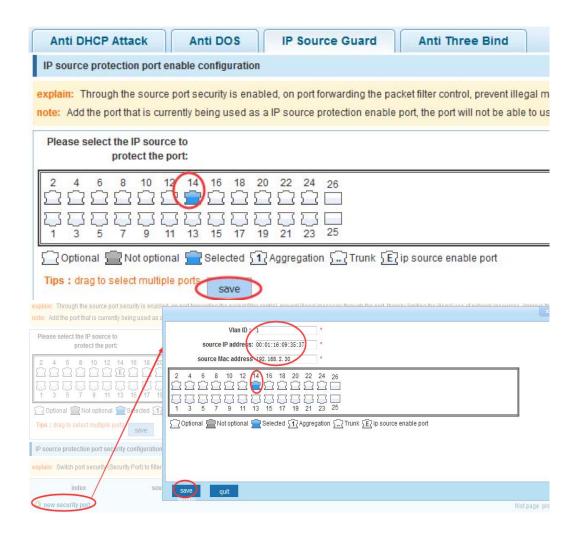


[instructions]

Add the port that is currently being used as a IP source protection enable port, the port will not be able to use.

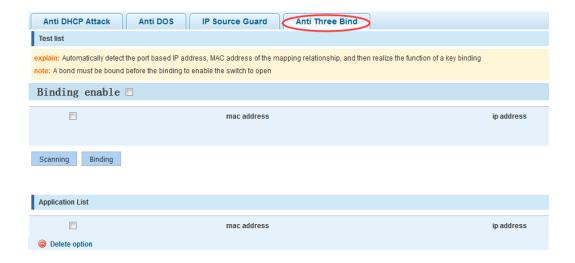
【Configuration example】

Such as: to open source IP protection enabled port first, then to binding



4.4.1.4 Anti three bind

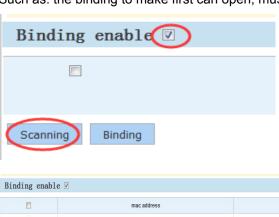
In the navigation bar to select"fault/safety>anti attack>anti three bind",Automatically detect the port based IP address, MAC address of the mapping relationship, and then realize the function of a key binding,the following picture:



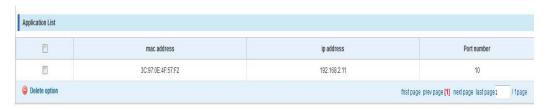
A bond must be bound before the binding to enable the switch to open,And if you want to access shall be binding and switch the IP address of the same network segment \circ

【Configuration example】

Such as: the binding to make first can open, must be a key bindings port 7





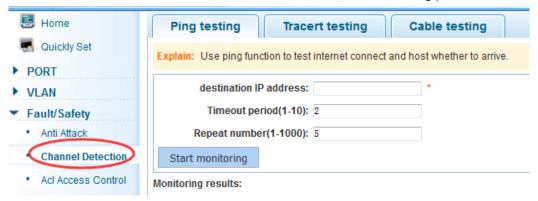


Can check the delete option.

4.4.2 Channel detection

4.4.2.1 Ping testing

In the navigation bar to select"fault/safety> channel detection>ping testing",Use ping function to test internet connect and host whether to arrive. The following picture :



[parameter description]

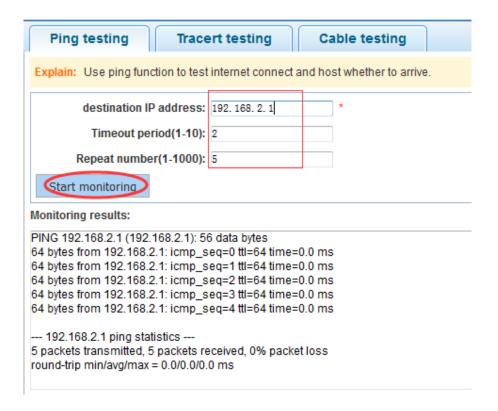
parameter	description
destination IP address	Fill in the IP address of the need to detect
Timeout period	Range of 1 to 10
Repeat number	Testing number

[instructions]

Use ping function to test internet connect and host whether to arrive.

【Configuration example】

Such as: PING connect the IP address of the PC



4.4.2.2 Tracert testing

In the navigation bar to select"fault/safety> channel detection>tracert testing", Tracert detection can detect to the destination through the .following picture :



[parameter description]

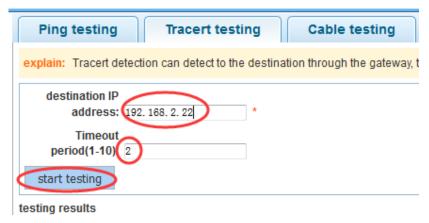
parameter	description
destination IP address	Fill in the IP address of the need to detect
Timeout period	Range of 1 to 10

[instruction]

the function is used to detect more is up to and reach the destination path. If a destination unreachable, diagnose problems.

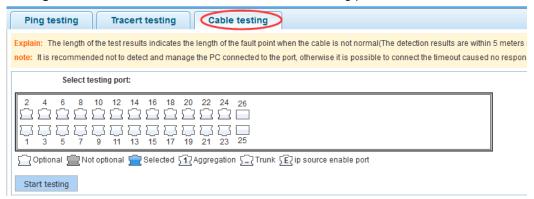
【Configuration example】

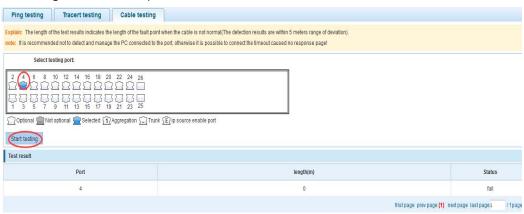
Such as: PING connect the IP address of the PC



4.4.2.3 Cable testing

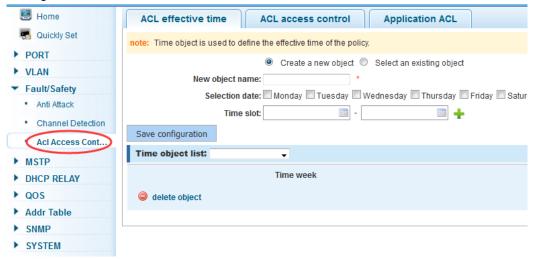
In the navigation bar to select"fault/safety> channel detection>cable tracert testing",Can detect connection device status ,the following picture:





4.4.3 ACL

In the navigation bar to select"fault/safety>ACL", Can be applied to port ACL rules and Settings to take effect in time



[instruction]

The ACL rules are sequenced, row in front of the match will be priority rule. Many, if the strategy items operating time is relatively longer.

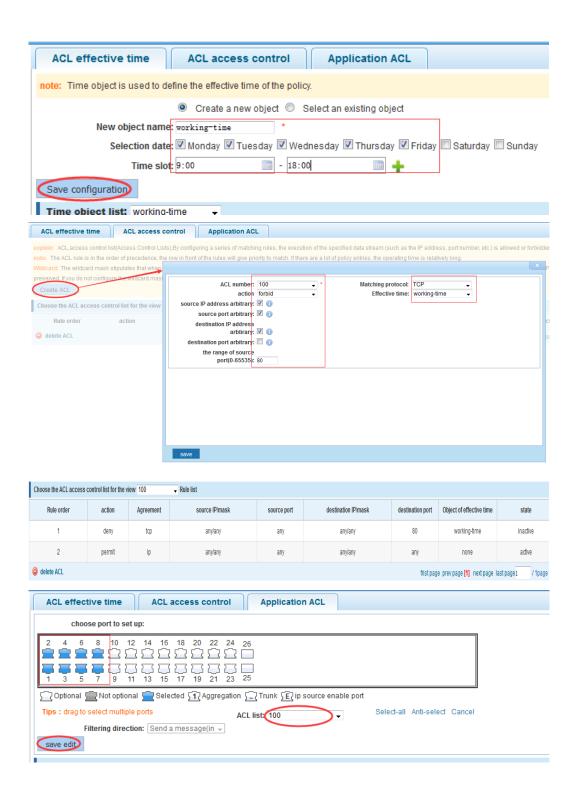
Basic principles:

- 1, according to the order, as long as there is a meet, will not continue to find
- 2, implied refused, if don't match, so must match the final implied refused entry, cisco default
- 3, any only under the condition of the minimum permissions to the user can satisfy their demand
- 4, don't forget to apply the ACL to the port

【Configuration example】

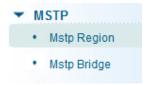
such as: test time is every Monday to Friday 9 to 18 points, set port 1-8 cannot access the network

steps: building ACL time - building ACL rules - is applied to the port



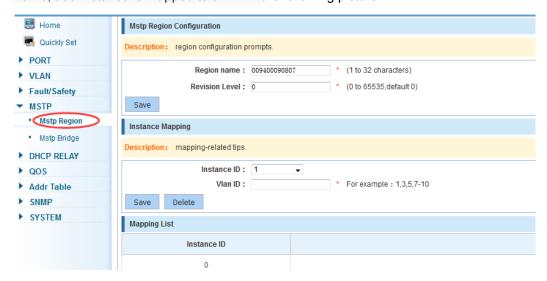
4.5 MSTP

In the navigation bar to select"MSTP",you can set to the MSTP region and MSTP bridge configuration.



4.5.1 MSTP region

In the navigation bar to select"**MSTP>MSTP region**", Can modify the domain and domain name, add instance is mapped to a VLAN. the following picture



[parameter description]

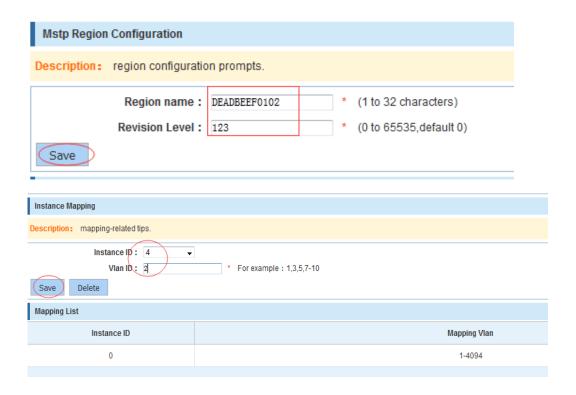
parameter	description			
Region name	Configure the region name			
Revision level	Parameter configuration revision level			
Instance ID	Select configuration instance ID			
VLAN ID	Mapping of the VLAN configuration instance			

[instruction]

An instance can only be mapped to a VLAN, instance and VLAN is a one-to-one relationship.

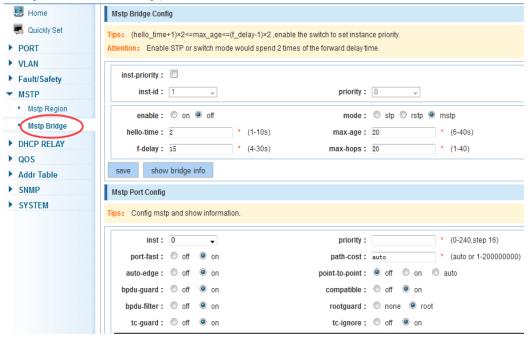
[Configuration example]

Such as: change the region to DEADBEEF0102, region name is 123, instance 4 is mapped to a VLAN 2, in the first need to create a VLAN 2



4.5.2 MSTP bridge

In the navigation bar to select "MSTP>MSTP bridge", Can be related to bridge, port configuration, the following picture:

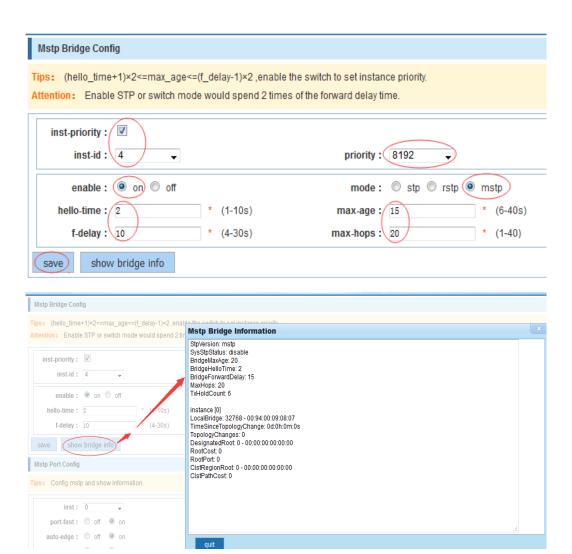


parameter	description				
inst-priority	Whether open instance priority setting				
Instance ID	Select the created instance id is configured				
enable	Whether to open the STP bridge function				
Pridge priority	Priority setting bridge example, the default				
Bridge priority	instance bridge priority for 32768				
mode	The model is divided into: the STP, RSTP, MSTP				
Hello-time	Switches sends bpdus in packet interval				
May age	Ports are not yet received a message in the time,				
Max-age	will initiate topology changes				
Forward-delay	The state of the port switch time				
Port-priority	Set port instance priority, defaults to 128, you must				
r ort-priority	enter multiple of 16, the range of 0-240				
Path-cost	Configure port costs				
Port-fast	Select configuration state				
Auto-ege	Select configuration state				
Point-to-point	Select configuration state				
Bpdu guard	Select configuration state				
Bpdu filter	Select configuration state				
compatible	Select configuration state				
Root guard	Select configuration state				
TC guard	Select configuration state				
TC filter	Select configuration state				

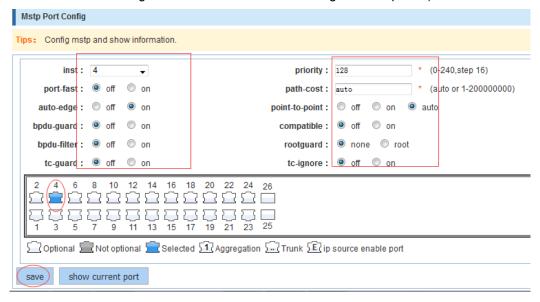
- (1) (hello_time+1)×2<=max_age<=(f_delay-1)×2 ,enable the switch to set instance priority.
- (2) Enable STP or switch mode would spend 2 times of the forward delay time.

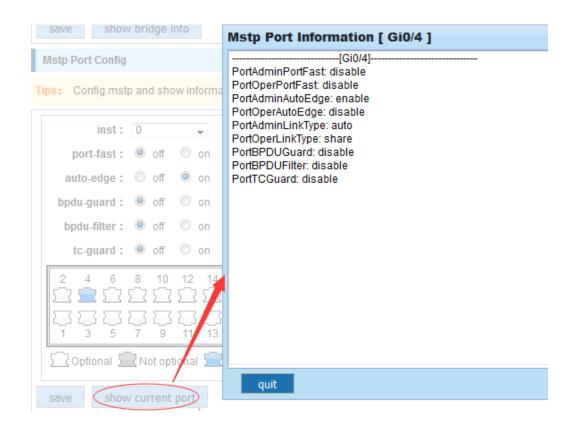
【Configuration example】

Such as: 1) Open the STP, configuration has to create an instance of the priority, configuration time parameters, set the pattern to MSTP



2) Set MSTP has launched port configuration, select the created instance, set priority (port configuration is not online, on-line configuration will only take effect, can click on the "view the current configuration" button to view the configured completed)





4.6 DHCP relay

In the navigation bar to select"DHCP relay",you can set to the DHCP relay and option82.



4.6.1 DHCP relay

In the navigation bar to select"**DHCP relay**",Open the DHCP relay function, set up and view the relay server IP address and its status.the following picture



[parameter description]

parameter	description			
IP address	DHCP server address			
status	Invalid and vaild			

[instruction]

If open the function of relay agent, then receives the broadcast DHCP message, to be delivered in the form of unicast to configure on the server. The DHCP server to IP and switches in the same network segment will only take effect.

【Configuration example】

Such as: setting DHCP server ip for 192.168.2.22



4.6.2 0ption82

In the navigation bar to select"**DHCP relay>option82**",can set to OPTION82circuit control、proxy remote、ip address。the following picture:



[parameter description]

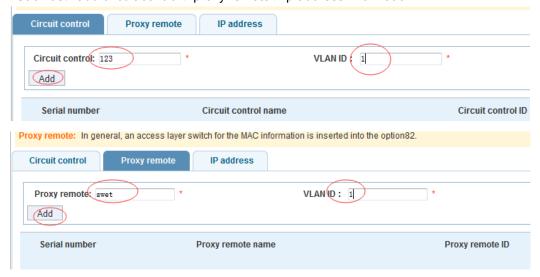
parameter	description			
VLAN id	the DHCP request message in the VLAN, value range is 1 ~			
	4094			
Circuit control	Circuit ID to populate the user custom content, scope of			
	string length is 3 ~ 63			
Proxy remote	Configuration ASCII remote id string value, the length of the			
	range of 1 ~ 63			
IP address	Decimal IP address			

[instruction]

Switches, relay information to the DHCP server will take option82, VLAN ID must be configured to DHCP message taken VLAN can bring option82 information.

【Configuration example】

Sach as: add circuit control, proxy remote, ip address information





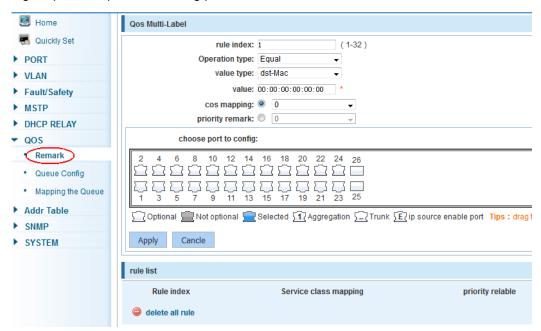
4.7 QoS

In the navigation bar to select"QoS",you can set to the Remark, queue config and mapping the queue.



4.7.1 Remark

In the navigation bar to select "QoS>Remark", According to the rules for port traffic bag tag or queue map. the following picture



[parameter description]

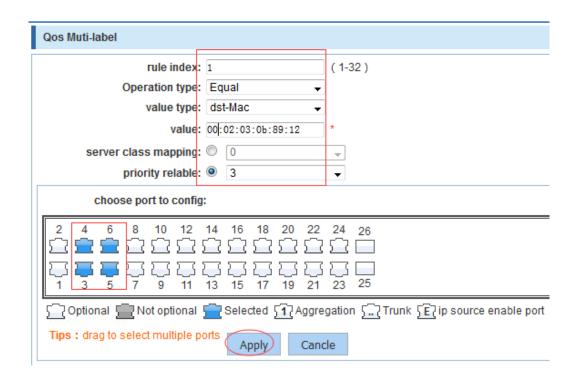
parameter	parameter
	By setting the rule of heavy tag index number, the current switch
Rule index	can be set up 32 rule
	Choose always said - match the match, all the data for tags
	Choose can be set to equal matching rules, comply with the rules
Operation type	of heavy tag data
	Adaptable to the rules of the heavy tag which data is mapped to a
Server class mapping	queue
	Conform to the rules of heavy tag data to the marked priority
Priority relable	values
	Set heavy tag matching rules, such as choice goal Mac, just
	check the data destination Mac address is in accordance with the
Value tye	rules
	Set the value of matching, such as choice goal Mac for HH: HH:
value	HH: HH: HH
Choose port to config	The application of heavy tag on which interface
apply	Click on the application of heavy marking rules to take effect

[instruction]

According to the different matching rules to map different packages to different cos, and then according to the mapping relationship cos and queue queue to map different packages to different queue, can also set the priority value of a tag heavy bag.

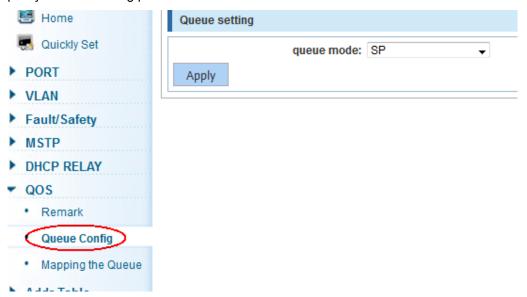
【Configuration example】

Such as: will the destination address for 00:02:03:0b:89:12 packets are forwarded to the port 3, 4, 5, 6, priority of remarked as 3



4.7.2 Queue config

In the navigation bar to select" **QoS>queue config**",Can be set up queue scheduling policy $_{\circ}$ the following picture:



parameter	description
	Can choose four kinds of modes:
Scheduling strategy	RR round-robin scheduling

	SP absolute priority scheduling
	WRR weighted round-robin scheduling
	WFQ weighted fair scheduling
	Set the weights of each queue, they will be in proportion to occupy
WRR-weights	the bandwidth to send data

Queue 7 can not for 0.

【Configuration example】

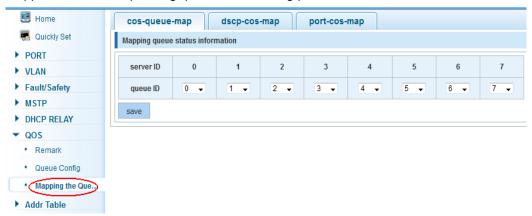
Such as: set the scheduling strategy for WRR, weight value respectively, 10, 11, 12, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17.



4.7.3 Mapping the queue

4.7.3.1 Service class queue mapping

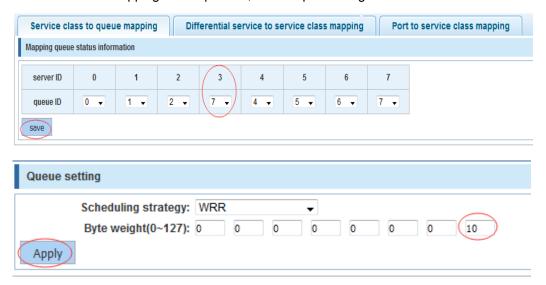
In the navigation bar to select"QoS>mapping the queue", Service category can be mapped to the corresponding queue. the following picture



[parameter description]

parameter	description
Server ID	COS the VLAN priority fields (0 to 7)
Queue ID	Set each cosine value mapping queue number (0 to 7)

Such as: cos 3 mapping to the queue 7, set the queue weight 7 to 10



4.7.3.2 Differential service class mapping

In the navigation bar to select "QoS>mapping the queue>differential service class mapping", Differential service can be mapped to the corresponding service categories. the following picture:



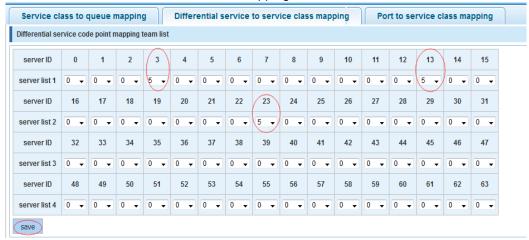
[parameter description]

parameter	description			
Server list	DSCP field has seven (0-63) is divided into four tables			
	Map the DSCP to COS fields (0 to 7), based on the cosine is			
Queue ID	mapped to a queue			

[instruction]

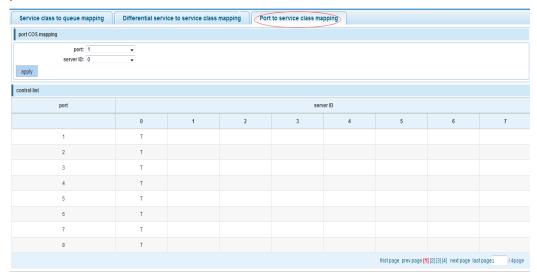
Cos priority is greater than the DSCP, DSCP priority is greater than the port

Such as: the DSCP value of 3, 12,23 mapping to cos 5



4.7.3.3 Port to service class mapping

In the navigation bar to select"QoS>mapping the queue>port to service class mapping",Port can be mapped to the corresponding service categories. the following picture:



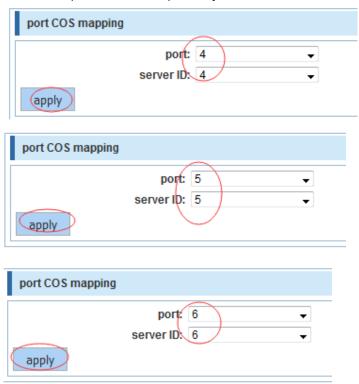
[parameter description]

parameter	description
Port	Select the port number (0-24)
	Mapped to the service ID, and then according to the service ID
Service ID	into the queue

[instruction]

Cos priority is greater than the DSCP, DSCP priority is greater than the port

Such as: port 4, 5, 6 respectively cos4, cos5, cos6.

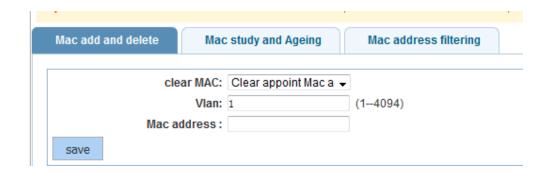


control list								
port		server ID						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
1	T							
2	Т							
3	Т							
4					Ţ			
5						Ţ		
6							J	
7	Т							
8	Т							

4.8 Address table

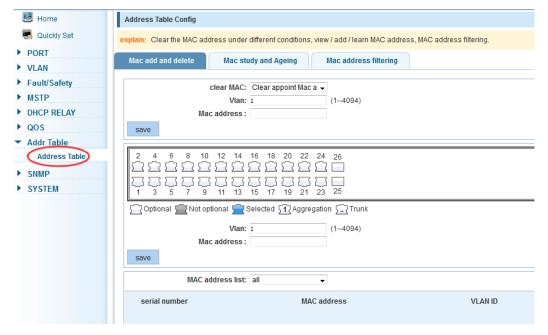
In the navigation bar to select"Address table",you can set to MAC add and delete.

MACstudy and aging and MAC address filtering.



4.8.1 Mac add and delete

In the navigation bar to select"Address table>Mac add and delete",You can add static Mac and delete Mac and view to the current of the Mac address table.the following picture:



[parameter description]

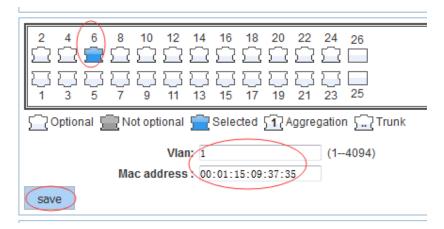
parameter	description
	Can choose to clear the multicast Mac address, clear dynamic
	unicast Mac address, clear static unicast Mac address, clear the
Clear Mac	specified Mac address, Mac address table
	Fill in the need to add or delete VLAN id, not create vlans to
VLAN	create can only take effect

[instruction]

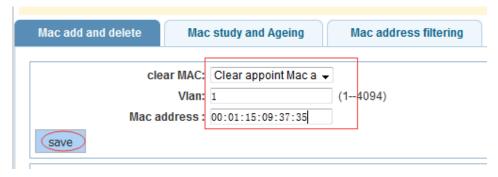
According to different conditions to clear Mac address, view/add/learn the Mac address, Mac address filtering

【Configuration example】

Such as: 1) the port 6 Mac set to static Mac

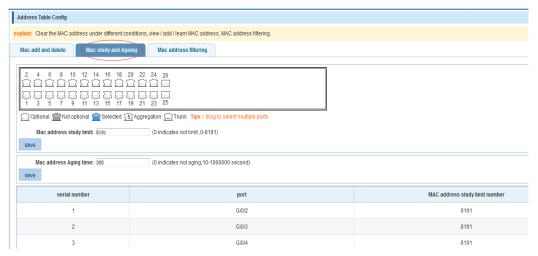


2) clear port 6 static Mac addresses



4.8.2 Mac study and laging

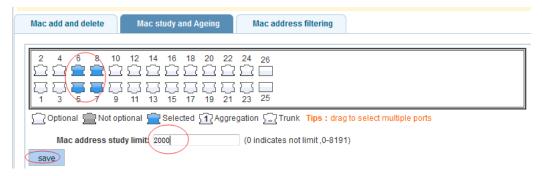
In the navigation bar to select"address table>Mac study and laging",Can be set up port Mac address study limit and Mac address aging time. the following picture:



parameter	description
Mac address	Range 0-8191,default 8191
Mac address study	
limit	Default 300

【Configuration example】

Such as: 1) setting port 5, 6, 7, 8 address study limit for 2000



2) will be dropped or learn the Mac address of the port equipment after 2 minutes disappear automatically from the Mac address table



4.8.3 Mac address filtering

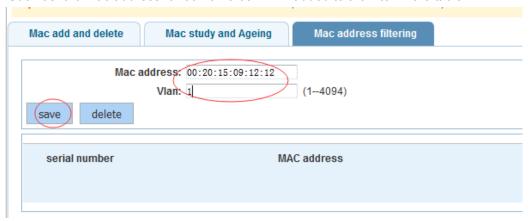
In the navigation bar to select"address table>Mac address table",Can be filtered according to the condition does not need the Mac address. the following picture:



[parameter description]

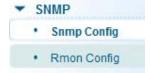
parameter	description
Mac address	Can not add multicast Mac address
VLAN	VLAN number

Such as: the Mac address for 00:20:15:09:12:12 added to the filter in the table



4.9 Snmp config

In the navigation bar to select"Snmp",you can set to the Snmp config and Rmon config.



4.9.1 Snmp config

4.9.1.1 Snmp config

In the navigation bar to select "Snmp >Snmp config", you can Snmp function enable \circ the following picture:



The SNMP function must be turned on in the configuration RMON, otherwise it will be configured to fail

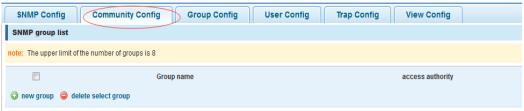
【Configuration example】

Such as: open Snmp



4.9.1.2 Community config

In the navigation bar to select "Snmp >Snmp config>community config", Can specify group access. the following picture



[parameter description]

•	
parameter	description
	Community string, is equal to the NMS and Snmp agent
group	communication between the password
	Read-only: specify the NMS (Snmp host) of MIB variables can only be read, cannot be modified
	Read-only can write: specify the NMS (Snmp host) of MIB
Access authority	variables can only read, can also be modified

[instruction]

The upper limit of the number of groups is 8

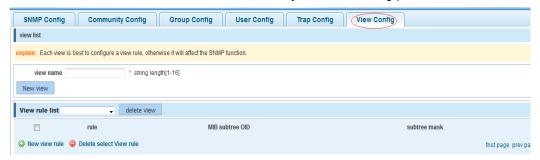
【Configuration example】

Such as: add a read-write group called public



4.9.1.3 View config

In the navigation bar to select "Snmp >Snmp config>view config",Set the view the rules to allow or disable access to some of the MIB object. the following picture



[parameter description]

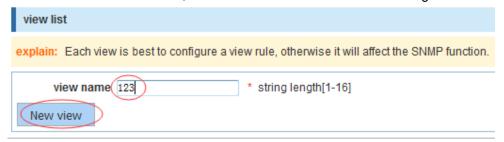
parameter	description
View name	Wiew mane
include	Indicate the MIB object number contained within the view
exclude	Indicate the MIB object son number was left out of view
MIB subtree OID	View the associated MIB object, is a number of MIB
subtree mask	MIB OID mask

[instruction]

Each view is best to configure a view rule, otherwise it will affect the SNMP function

【Configuration example】

such as: establish a view 123, MIB subtree oid .1.3.6.1 contain among them





4.9.1.4 Group config

In the navigation bar to select "Snmp>Snmp config>group config", setting Snmp group the following picture



[parameter description]

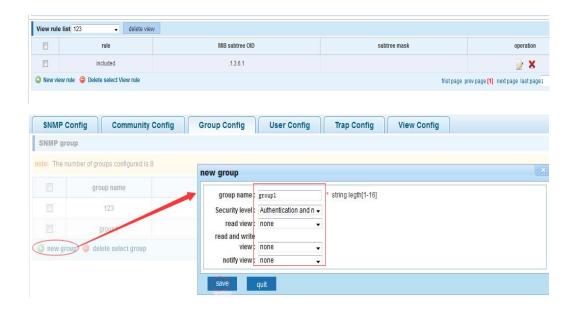
parameter	description
Group name	Group name
	Attestation not only encryption: this group of users transmission of
	the message need to verify the data don't need to confidential
	No authentication encryption: this group of users' messages don't
	need to verify data transmission also does not need to be kept
	secret
	Both authentication and encryption: this group of users need to
	verify the news of transmission and transmission of data need to
Security level	be kept secret
Read view、read and	The associated view name
write view 、study	
view	

[instruction]

Before the cap on the number set of configuration of 8, the new group needs a new view to create a group.

【Configuration example】

Such as: firstly, new view 123, then new group of goup1



4.9.1.5 User config

In the navigation bar to select"Snmp>Snmp config>user config",setting Snmp user \circ the following picture:



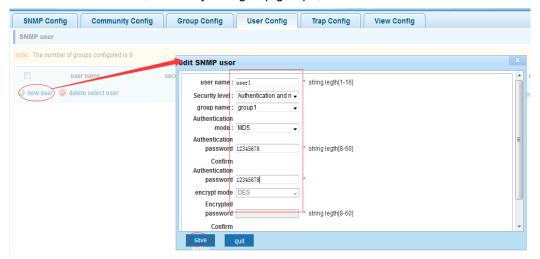
= hamaninaan araa an haman =	
parameter	description
User name	User name,range 1-16
	Attestation not only encryption: this group of users transmission of
	the message need to verify the data don't need to confidential
	No authentication encryption: this group of users' messages don't
	need to verify data transmission also does not need to be kept
	secret
	Both authentication and encryption: this group of users need to
	verify the news of transmission and transmission of data need to
Security level	be kept secret
	Specified use MD5 authentication protocol or SHA authentication
Authentication mode	protocol
Authentication	Range 8-10
password	
encrypt mode	Specified using AES encryption protocol or DES encryption

	protocol
Group name	A user group name
encrypt password	Range 8-60

Cap on the number configuration of 8, users need a new view and group to use, the user's security level must be consistent with the group level of security. Add a user authentication and encryption, and configure belong to groups of users, the user will be used for Snmpv3 connection.

【Configuration example】

Such as: new view 123, the newly built group group1, new users user1



4.9.1.6 Trap

In the navigation bar to select"Snmp>Snmp config>Trap", Can specify sent the trap messages to Snmp host (NMS). the following picture:



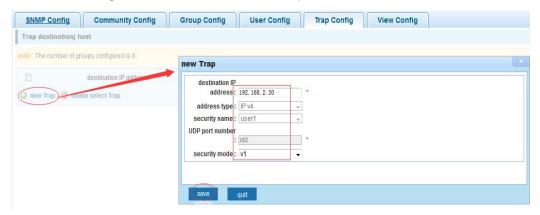
parameter	description
Destination ip	Snmp host ipv4 address
address	
Security name	Snmp user name
version	V1、V2、V3
Security mode	Specified using AES encryption protocol or DES encryption

	protocol
Group name	User group name

The Trap cap on the number configuration of 8, you can configure a number of different Snmp Trap host used to receive messages. Trigger the trap message time: port Linkup/LinkDown, equipment of cold - start (restart when power supply drop)/warm - start (a warm restart), and Rmon set port port statistical fluctuation threshold.

【Configuration example】

Such as: setting hoset 192.168.2.30 receive trap information



4.9.2 Rmon config

4.9.2.1 Statistics group

In the navigation bar to select"Snmp>Rmon config>statistics group",Set an Ethernet interface statistics $_{\circ}$ the following picture:

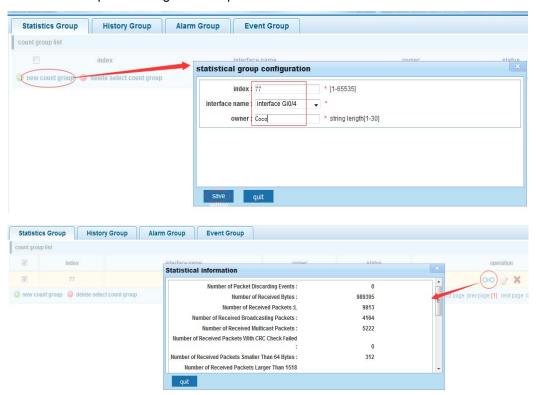


parameter	description
index	The index number, the value range of statistical information
	table is 1 ~ 65535
Interface mane	To monitor the source port
ower	Set the table creator, range: 1 ~ 30 characters of a string

At the time of configuration Rmon Snmp functions must be open, otherwise the prompt dialog box will appear.

【Configuration example】

Such as: set up monitoring Ethernet port after 4 to check the data



4.9.2.2 History group

In the navigation bar to select "Snmp>Rmon config>history group", Record the history of an Ethernet interface information. the following picture



[parameter description]

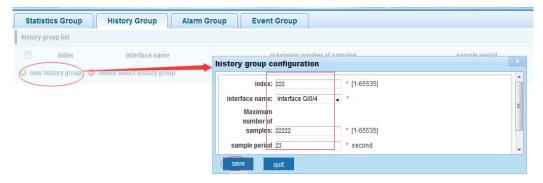
parameter	description
index	Historical control table item index number, value range is 1 ~
	65535
Interface name	To record the Ethernet interface
Maximum number of	Set the history control table item of the corresponding table
samples	capacity, namely the Max for number of records the history
	table, value range is 1 ~ 65535
Sample period	Set up the statistical period, scope for 5 ~ 3600, the unit is in
	seconds
owner	Set the table creator, range: 1 ~ 30 characters of a string

[instruction]

At the time of configuration Rmon Snmp functions must be open, otherwise the prompt dialog box will appear.

【Configuration example】

Such as: monitor Ethernet port 4 historical information



4.9.2.3 Event group

In the navigation bar to select "Snmp >Rmon config>event group", The way in which define events trigger and record them. the following picture



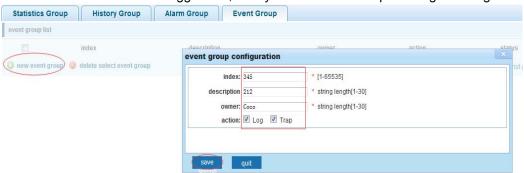
parameter	description
index	The index number, the value range of the event table is 1 ~
	65535
description	The Trap events, when the event is triggered, the system will

	send the Trap message	
	Log events, when the event is triggered, the system will log	
owner	Set the table creator, ownername for 1 ~ 30 characters of a	
	string	

At the time of configuration Rmon Snmp functions must be open, otherwise the prompt dialog box will appear.

【Configuration example】

Such as: create an event to trigger 345, the system sends the trap message and log



4.9.2.4 Alarm group

In the navigation bar to select" **Snmp>Rmon config>alarm group**",define alarm group of the following picture



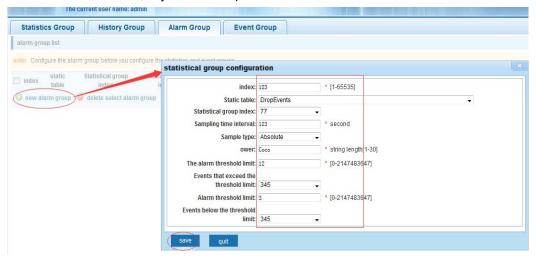
parameter	description		
index	The alarm list items	index number, value	e range is 1 ~ 65535
Static table	Statistical type val	ues : 3:DropEvent	ts; 4:Octets; 5:Pkts;
	6:BroadcastPkts;	7:MulticastPkts;	8:CRCAlignErrors;
	9:UndersizePkts;	10:OversizePkts	; 11:Fragments;
	12:Jabbers;	12:Collisions;	14:Pkts64Octets;
	15:Pkts65to127Oct	ets; 16:	Pkts128to255Octets;
	17:Pkts256to511Oc	tets; 18:P	kts512to1023Octets;
	19:Pkts1024to1518	Octets	
statistical index	Set up the corresponding statistics statistical index number,		
	decided to statistics	to monitor the port	number

Sampling interval	Sampling time interval, the scope for 5 ~ 65535, the unit for	
	seconds	
The sampling type	Sample types for the absolute value of sampling, the	
	sampling time arrived directly extracting the value of a	
	variable	
The latest sampling	Sampling type for change value sampling, extraction of the	
	arrival of the sampling time is variable in the change of the	
	sampling interval value	
The alarm threshold	Set the upper limit the parameter values	
upper limit		
The alarm threshold	Set the lower limit parameter values	
lower limit		
Above/below the	Upper/lower limit reached, for each event	
threshold limit of		
events		
owner	Set the table creator, ownername for 1 ~ 30 characters of a	
	string	

At the time of configuration Rmon Snmp functions must be open, otherwise the prompt dialog box will appear. This configuration need to configure statistics groups and events.

【Configuration example】

Such as: new statistics group of 77 and the event group 345, set up more than 12 and below the lower limit 3 ,Beyond the scope of alarm



4.10 SYSTEM

In the navigation bar to select"SYSTEM", you can set to the system config, system

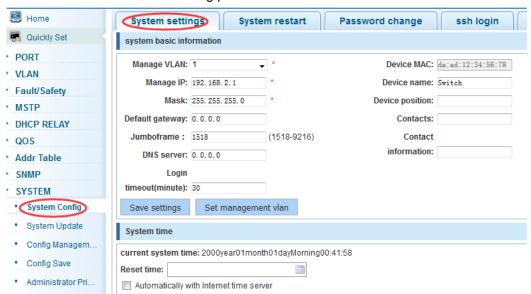
update config management config save administor privileges and info collect.



4.10.1 System config

4.10.1.1 System settings

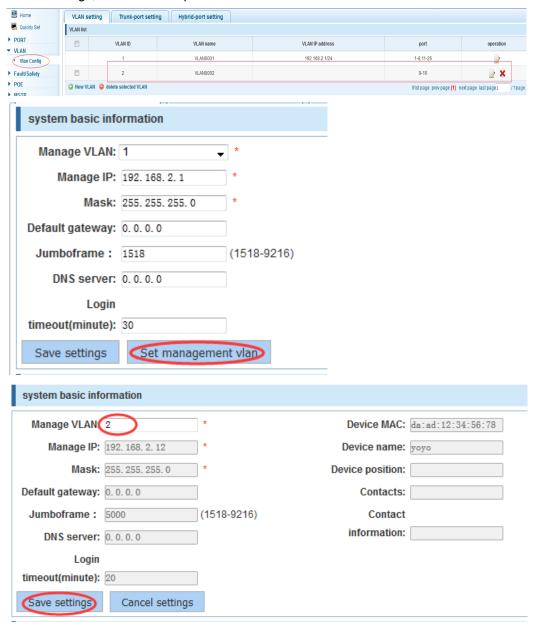
In the navigation bar to select"SYSTEM>system config>System settings", Basic information set switch. the following picture:



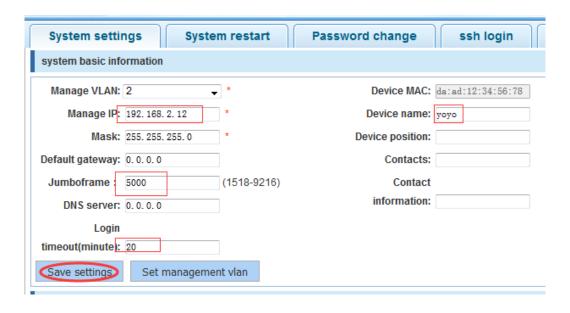
[parameter description]

parameter	description
Device name	switch name
Manage VLAN	Switches use VLAN management
Manage ip	Switch IP address management
timeout	Don't use more than login timeout after login to log in again

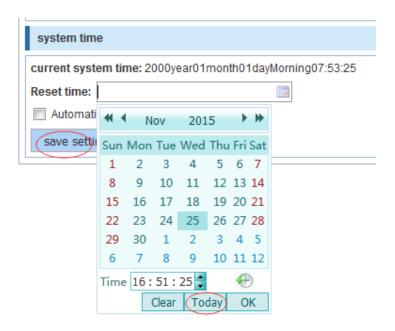
Such as: 1) set up the VLAN 2 is management VLAN, should first created vlan 2 the VLAN Settings, and set a free port in the VLAN 2



2) insert the PC interface 9 or 10 ports, set up the management IP for 192.168.2.12, device name is yoyo, timeout for 20 minutes ,Jumboframe for 5000.



3) use 192.168.1.12 logging in, sets the system time



4.10.1.2 System restart

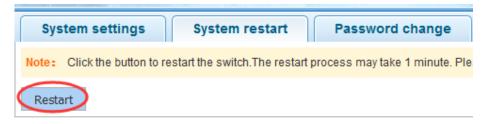
In the navigation bar to select "SYSTEM>system config>system restart", equipment can be restarted, the following picture:



Click the button to restart the switch. The restart process may take 1 minute. Please wait patiently. The page will be refreshed automatically after device restart.

【Configuration example】

Such as: click "restart" button



4.10.1.3 Password change

In the navigation bar to select "SYSTEM>system config>password change", The password change to equipment the following picture:



[instruction]

- 1. If you set a new Web login password, then log in again after seting the new password.
- 2. Password can not contain Chinese, full-width characters, question marks and spaces.
- 3.If forget the password reset, can be reset in the console.

switch(config)# password admin

New Password:3456 Confirm Password:3456

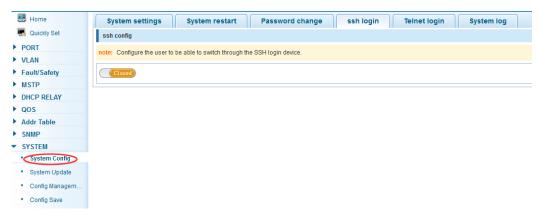
[Configuration example]

Such as: amend the password to 1234.



4.10.1.4 SSH login

In the navigation bar to select "SYSTEM>system config>ssh login", SSH open the following picture:

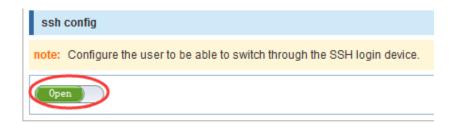


[instruction]

Configure the user to be able to switch through the SSH login device.

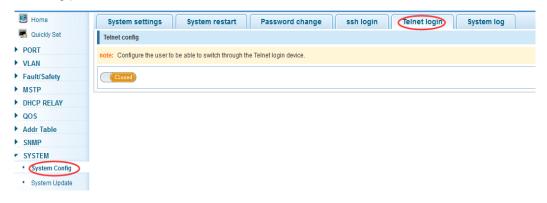
【Configuration example】

Such as: SSH open, you can CRT to log in



4.10.1.5 Telnet login

In the navigation bar to select "SYSTEM>system config>Telnet login", Telnet open. The following picture:

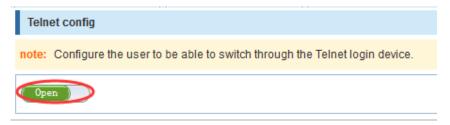


[instruction]

Configure the user to be able to switch through the Telnet login device.

【Configuration example】

Such as: Telnet open,PC Telnet functiono open,you can log in



4.10.1.6 System log

In the navigation bar to select"SYSTEM>system config>system log",to view the log and set up the log server. the following picture:



[parameter description]

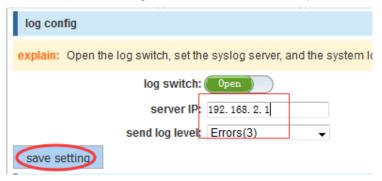
parameter	description
Log switch	Open and close
Server ip	Appoint to server address
Send log level	0-7
key	Enter the required query of characters

[instruction]

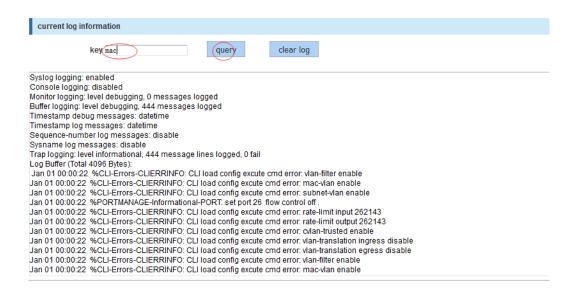
Open log switch, set up the syslog server, system log will automatically be pushed to the server.

【Configuration example】

Such as: 1) the error log information in 192.168.2.1 pushed to the server



2) input the Mac keywords ,click "query" button, click on the "clear log" button, can clear the log



4.10.2 System upgrade

In the navigation bar to select "SYSTEM>system upgrade", Optional upgrade file to upgrade, the following picture



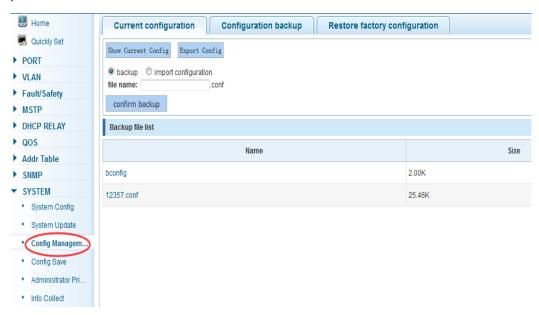
[instruction]

- 1 please confirm that the upgraded version of the same model and the same model.
- 2 in the upgrade process, you may encounter flash to make the page is temporarily unable to respond to the page, this time can not power off or restart the device, until prompted to upgrade successfully!

4.10.3 Config management

4.10.3.1 Current configuration

In the navigation bar to select"SYSTEM>config management>current configuration",can import and export configuration files, the backup file. the following picture:



[instruction]

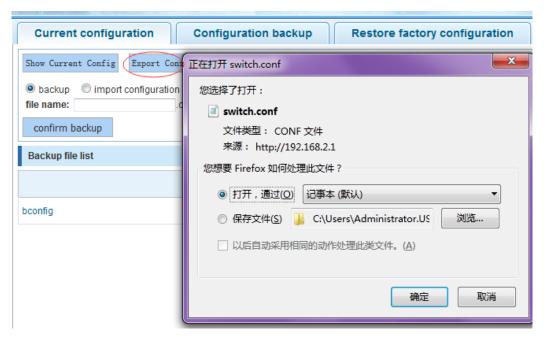
Import process can not be closed or refresh the page, or import will fail!

After the introduction of configuration, to enable the new configuration, please in this page

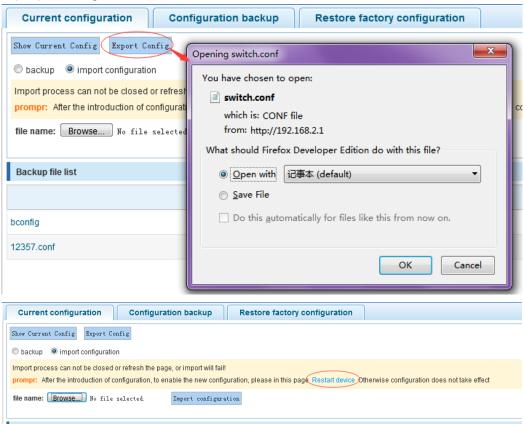
Restart device Otherwise configuration does not take effect.

【Configuration example】

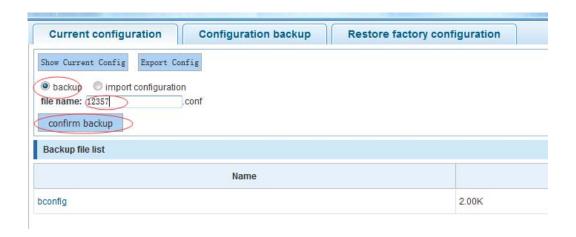
Such as: 1) in the configuration first save the page, click save configuration to save the current configuration, then export the configuration



2) import configuration

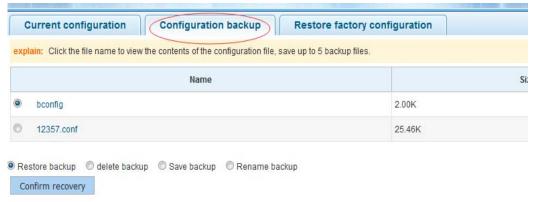


3) backup



4.10.3.2 Configuration backup

In the navigation bar to select"SYSTEM>config management>configuration backup", you can configure backup file the following picture:

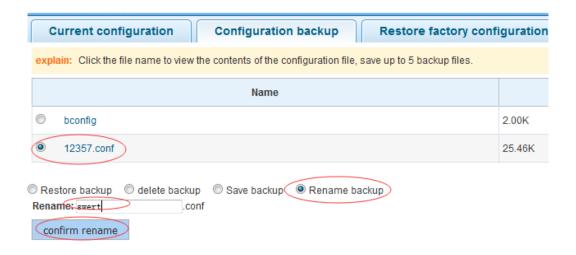


[instruction]

Operating this page should be in the current configuration page first, the backup file.

【Configuration example】

Such as: restore backup



4.10.3.3 Restore factory configuration

In the navigation bar to select "SYSTEM>config management>restore factory configuration", Can export the current configuration and restore factory configuration .the following picture:



[instruction]

Restore the factory configuration, will delete all the current configuration. If you have any useful configuration, the current system can lead the factory configuration again after the current configuration.

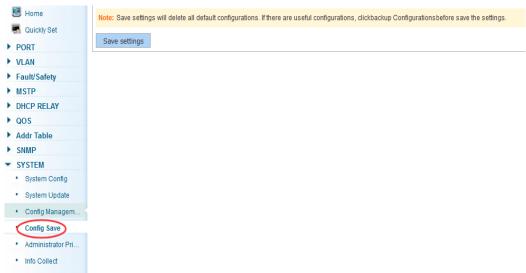
【Configuration example】

Such as: restore configuration can be the guide before they leave the current configuration



4.10.4 Config save

In the navigation bar to select "SYSTEM >config save", you can save current configuration. the following picture



[instruction]

Save settings will delete all default configurations. If there are useful configurations, clickbackup Configurationsbefore save the settings.

【Configuration example】

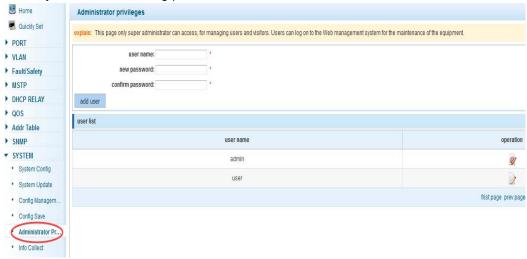
Such as: click save settings button

Note: Save settings will delete all default configurations. If there are useful configurations, clickbackup Configurationsbefore save the settings.

Save settings

4.10.5 Administrator privileges

In the navigation bar to select "SYSTEM>administrator privileges", Configurable ordinary users. the following picture



[instruction]

Only the admin of the super administrator can access this page is used to manage users and visitors. The user can log in the Web management system of equipment for routine maintenance. In addition to the admin and user, can add up to five users. Ordinary users can only access information system home page.

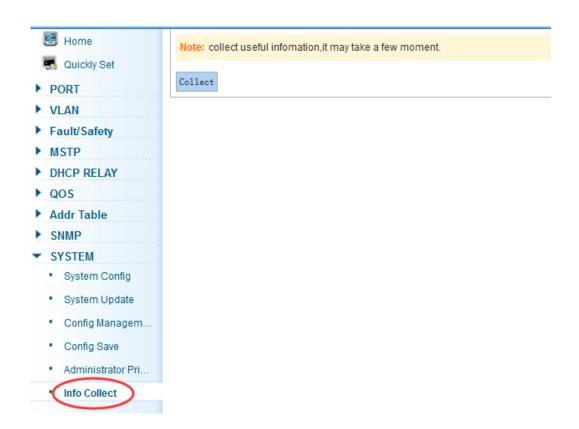
【Configuration example】

Such as:



4.10.6 Info collect

In the navigation bar to select "SYSTEM>info collect", you can collect to the system debug information. the following picture

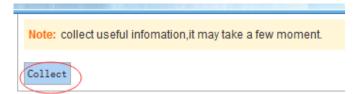


[instruction]

collect useful infomation, it may take a few moment.

【Configuration example】

Such as: click on "collect" button



Appendix: Technical Specifications

Hardware Features	
Standards	IEEE802.3, IEEE802.3u, IEEE802.3ab, IEEE802.3x,
	IEEE802.3z, IEEE802.3ad
Network Media (Cable)	10BASE-T: UTP category 3,4,5 cable (maximum 100m)
	100BASE-Tx: UTP category 5,5e cable (maximum 100m)
	1000BASE-T: UTP category 5e,6 cable (maximum 100m)
Number of Ports	24 x 10/100/1000Mbps Auto-Negotiation ports
	2 x SFP ports
	1 x Console port
Transfer Method	Store-and-Forward
Switching Capacity	52G
MAC Address Learning	Automatically learning, automatically update 8K Table
Frame Filtering and Forward Rate	10Mbps: 14880pps
	100Mbps: 148800pps
	1000Mbps: 1488000pps
Dimensions (L × W × H)	440*208*44 mm
Environment	Operating Temperature: 0□~40□
	Storage Temperature: -10 □ ~70 □
	Operating Humidity: 10%~90% non-condensing
	Storage humidity: 5%~90% non-condensing
Power Supply	AC 100V~240V 50/60Hz (Internal Power supply)

